Mechanical Hand:

1. What is force?

A force is a push or pull that acts on an object.

2. What is the difference between balanced and unbalanced forces?

When forces on an object are balanced, they will not change its motion. When unbalanced forces act on an object, its motion will be changed.

3. What is an application that bioengineers use 3D Printing for?

Bioengineers use 3D printers for the creation of prosthetic limbs.

4. How can forces affect motion?

The action from a force can cause an object to move or speed up (accelerate), to slow down (decelerate), to stop, or to change direction.

5. What is tension?

Tension is a pulling force acting outwards from either end of an object.

6. What type of deformation occurs when a spring is able to return to its original form once tension is removed?

Elastic deformation occurs when a spring is able to return to its original form once tension is removed.

7. What does a straight line on a graph tell us?

The straight line illustrates the directly proportional relationship between increased force on a spring and increase in extension. This is in an equal ratio in an area of elastic deformation.

8. What do we call the point that an object stops behaving elastically and permanent deformation starts to occur?

The limit of proportionality.

9. What is Hooke's Law?

Hooke's Law states that as we increase the force on a spring, the extension increases in an equal ratio up to the limit of proportionality.

10. What are the four main biological parts that allow you to move your fingers?

Bones, muscles, tendons & joints.