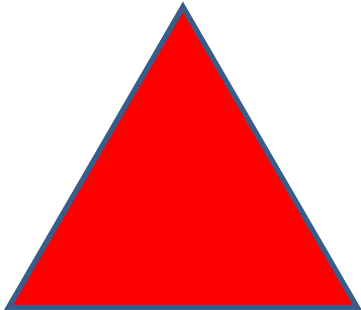
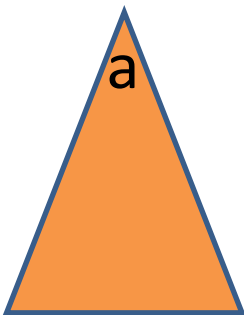


Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

The internal angles of any triangle add up to  $180^\circ$ . The triangles are not drawn to scale so you will not be able to measure the angles!

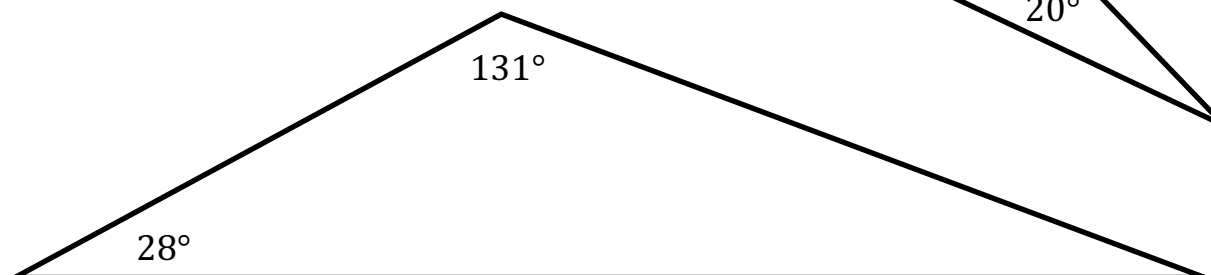
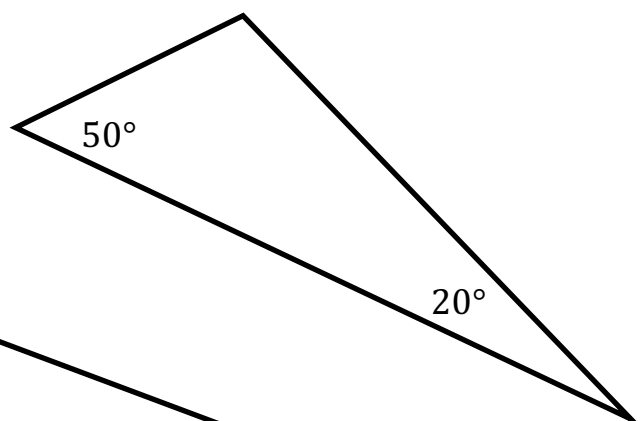
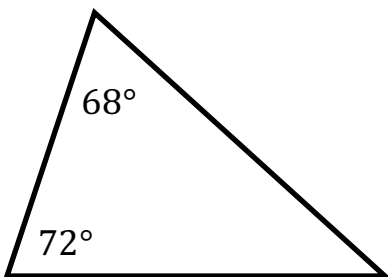


This is an equilateral triangle – all three sides are the same and all three angles are the same. Therefore each internal angle is \_\_\_\_\_ degrees.



An isosceles triangle has two equal sides and two equal angles. If angle  $a = 42^\circ$  then the other two angles in the triangle will each be \_\_\_\_\_ degrees.

Calculate the missing internal angles in these triangles:



I can find the missing angles with a triangle



I can do this!



I'm getting there.



I need help!

### Answers

- Each internal angle is  $60^\circ$
- Isosceles triangle: The two equal angles will be  $138 \div 2 = 69^\circ$
- $68 + 72 = 140$  therefore the missing angle is  $180 - 140 = 40^\circ$
- $50 + 20 = 70$  therefore the missing angle is  $180 - 70 = 110^\circ$
- $131 + 28 = 159$  therefore the missing angle is  $180 - 159 = 21^\circ$