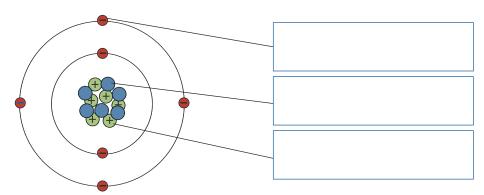


## **Atoms, Elements and Compounds**

Atoms are tiny particles which make up all substances and matter. They contain a central nucleus made up of neutral neutrons and positively charged protons. Negatively charged electrons orbit the nucleus.

1. Label the diagram of the atom.



An element is made up of only one type of atom. There are around 100 different elements, which can all be found on the periodic table.

A compound is formed when two or more different atoms are chemically bonded together. For example, water ( $H_2O$ ) is a compound made up of hydrogen and oxygen atoms. Compounds can be represented by their chemical formula; this shows the number of atoms of each element present in the compound.

2. Complete the table below. The first row has been done for you.

You might find it helpful to use a periodic table for this question.

Name of Substance	<b>Chemical Formula</b>	Number of Atoms of Each Element
water	H <sub>2</sub> O	2 × hydrogen, 1 × oxygen
		1 × magnesium, 1 × oxygen
carbon	С	
		2 × oxygen
methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	
		1 × iron
glucose	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	
		1 × hydrogen, 1 × chlorine
sulfur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	





3. Sort the following substances into the table. Each substance should be written into one column only.

aluminium copper sulfate sodium chloride

boron hydrogen sulfur

carbon dioxide hydrogen peroxide tin

calcium carbonate magnesium zinc oxide

Elements	Compounds

4. For each of the substances below, draw a particle diagram to represent one molecule of the substance. Use the key shown below. The first one has been done for you.

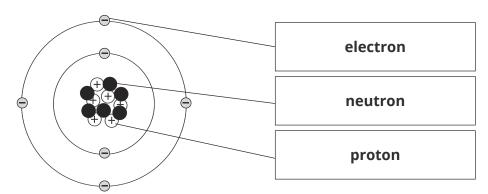
water H₂O	carbon dioxide CO <sub>2</sub>	ammonia NH <sub>3</sub>
oxygen	hydrogen	
O <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	Key
		oxygen
		carbon
		○ hydrogen
		nitrogen



## Atoms, Elements and Compounds **Answers**

Atoms are tiny particles which make up all substances and matter. They contain a central nucleus made up of neutral neutrons and positively charged protons. Negatively charged electrons orbit the nucleus.

1. Label the diagram of the atom.



An element is made up of only one type of atom. There are around 100 different elements, which can all be found on the periodic table.

A compound is formed when two or more different atoms are chemically bonded together. For example, water ( $H_2O$ ) is a compound made up of hydrogen and oxygen atoms. Compounds can be represented by their chemical formula; this shows the number of atoms of each element present in the compound.

2. Complete the table below. The first row has been done for you.

You might find it helpful to use a periodic table for this question.

Name of Substance	Chemical Formula	Number of Atoms of Each Element	
water	H <sub>2</sub> O	2 × hydrogen, 1 × oxygen	
magnesium oxide	MgO	1 × magnesium, 1 × oxygen	
carbon	С	1 × carbon	
oxygen	0,	2 × oxygen	
methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	1 × carbon, 4 × hydrogen	
iron	Fe	1 × iron	
glucose	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	6 × carbon, 12 × hydrogen, 6 × oxygen	
hydrogen chloride	нсі	1 × hydrogen, 1 × chlorine	
sulfur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	1 × sulfur, 2 × oxygen	



3. Sort the following substances into the table. Each substance should be written into one column only.

aluminium copper sulfate sodium chloride

boron hydrogen sulfur

carbon dioxide hydrogen peroxide tin

calcium carbonate magnesium zinc oxide

Elements	Compounds
aluminium	carbon dioxide
boron	calcium carbonate
hydrogen	copper sulfate
magnesium	hydrogen peroxide
sulfur	sodium chloride
tin	zinc oxide

4. For each of the substances below, draw a particle diagram to represent one molecule of the substance. Use the key shown below. The first one has been done for you.

water H₂O	carbon dioxide CO <sub>2</sub>	ammonia NH <sub>3</sub>
oxygen	hydrogen	
O <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	Кеу
	0	oxygen carbon hydrogen nitrogen